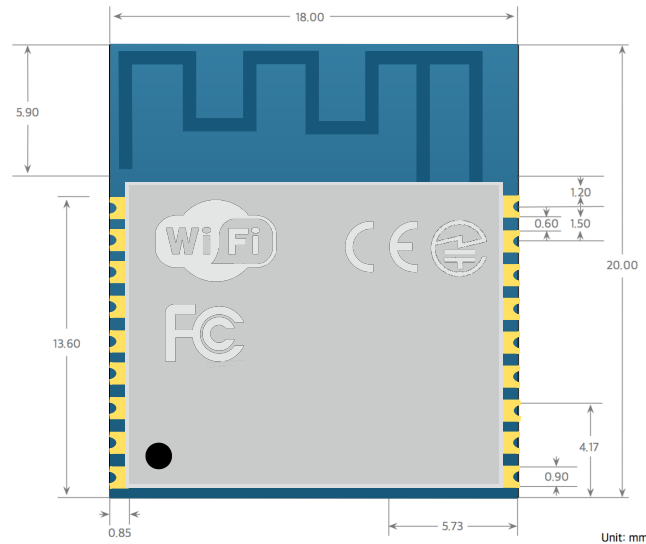


Wio Core Mounting Guide

Wio Core is a WiFi module which is reprogrammed with the same firmware as WioLink's. You can Easily design your IoT devices with WioLink system with it.

This document provides some circuit design details to help you to integrate the Wio Core to your design.

Dimensions

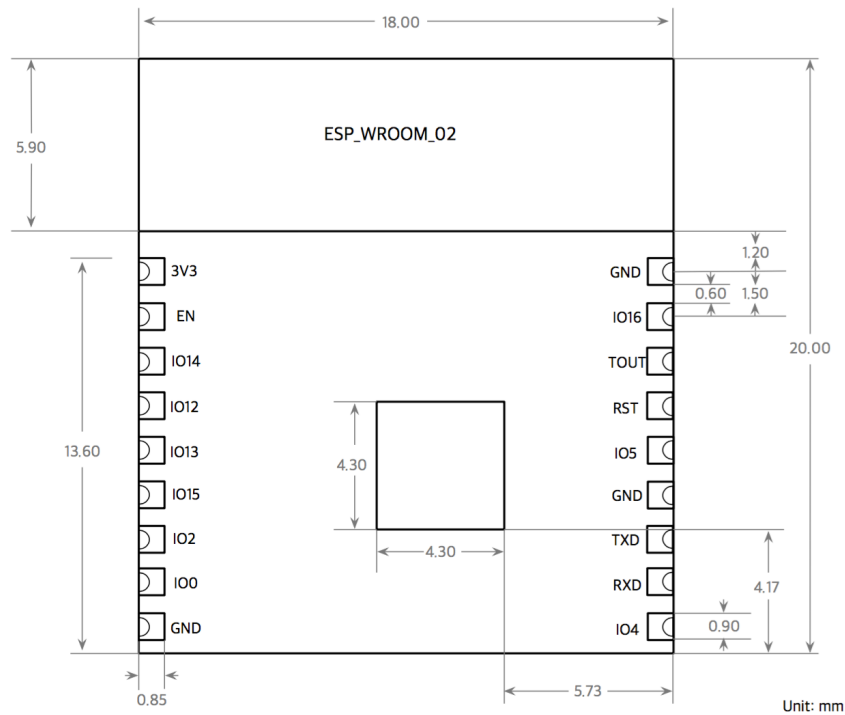


Specifications

| Categories | Items | Specifications |
|------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Hardware | Certificates | FCC/CE/TELEC |
| | Wi-Fi protocols | 802.11 b/g/n |
| | Frequency range | 2.4 GHz ~ 2.5 GHz (2400M ~ 2483.5M) |
| | Operating voltage | 3.0 ~ 3.6V |
| | Operating current | Average: 80mA |
| | Operating temperature range | -40°C ~ 125°C |
| | Package size | 18mm(length) × 20mm(width) × 3mm(depth)(for normal silk-reading orientation) |
| | Flash memory size | 4Mbyte |
| Software | Firmware | Wio Firmware with OTA capability |
| | User interfaces | Cloud Server, Android/iOS App |

Pin description

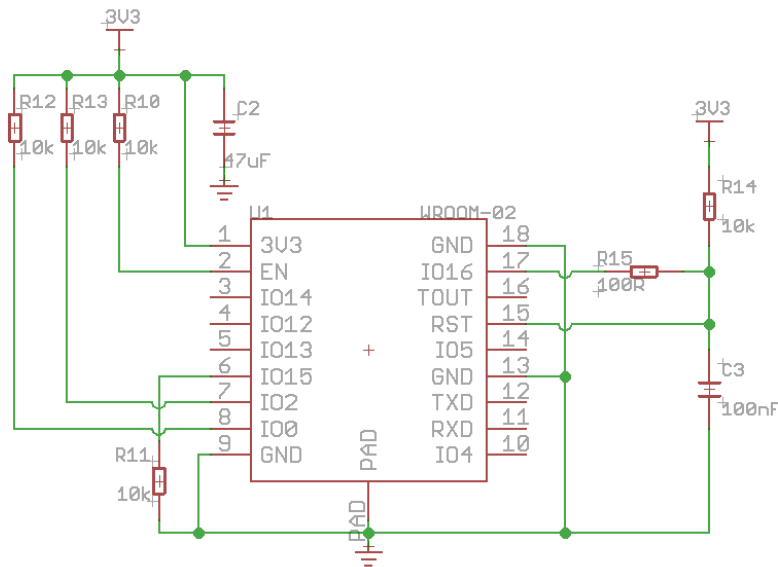
TOP VIEW



| Num | Pin name | Functions | Wio Fuction |
|-----|----------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 | 3V3 | 3.3V Power Supply (VDD) | 3.3V Power Supply (VDD) |
| 2 | EN | Enable | Enable |
| 3 | IO14 | GPIO14;HSPI_CLK | Digital0 |
| 4 | IO12 | GPIO12;HSPI_MISO | Digital1 |
| 5 | IO13 | GPIO13;HSPI_MOSI | Digital2 |
| 6 | IO15 | GPIO15;MTDO;HSPICS | Peripheral power control |
| 7 | IO2 | GPIO2;UART1_TXD | Server connection state indicate |
| 8 | IO0 | GPIO0 | Not used |
| 9 | GND | GND | GND |
| 10 | IO4 | GPIO4 | I2C_SDA |
| 11 | RXD | GPIO3;UART0_RXD | UART_RXD |
| 12 | TXD | GPIO1;UART0_TXD | UART_TXD |
| 13 | GND | GND | GND |
| 14 | IO5 | GPIO5 | I2C_SCL |
| 15 | RST | Module reset | Module reset |
| 16 | TOUT | Analog input(0~1V) | Analog input(0~1V) |
| 17 | IO16 | GPIO16;Wake up to reset | GPIO16;Wake up to reset |
| 18 | GND | GND | GND |

Reference Design Schematic

Power up and reset schematic



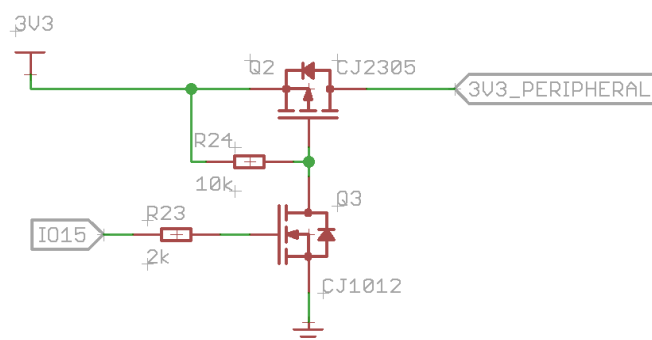
The module has to be powered with 3.3V, the average working current will be at 80mA in normal mode. If set the module to deep sleep mode, the input current will drop to 100uA. In deep sleep mode, the module shutdown all the peripherals but a timer for waking itself up.

R11, R12, R13 setup the module to boot from the internal SPI flash.

EN and RST pin needs to pull to high to enable the device.

Connect IO16 to RST pin with a 100R resistor. This is used for waking up the module from deep sleep mode. Otherwise, the module can not wake up when the sleep time over.

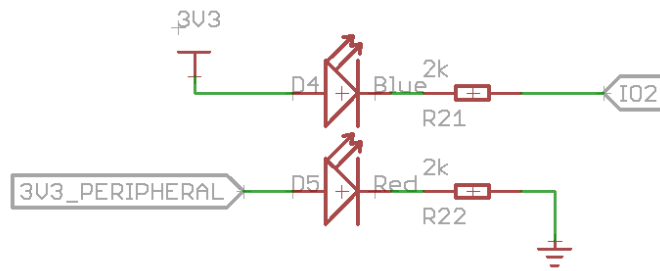
Power up peripheral schematic



IO15 is used to control the power supply for the peripheral devices. When the module go to deep sleep mode, all the peripherals will be powered down for saving power.

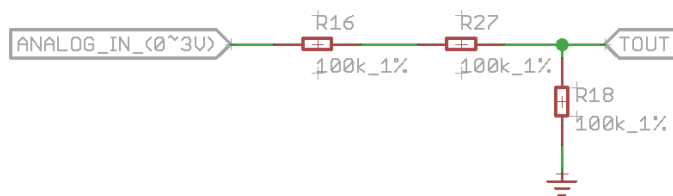
3V3_PERIPHERAL is used for powering up the sensor or actuator devices on the board.

LED indicators schematic



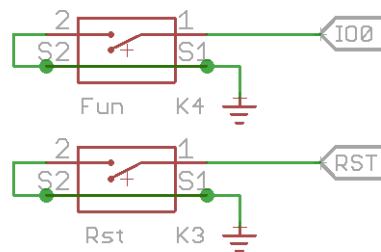
IO2 is used to indicate the WioLink server connection state.

Analog Input schematic



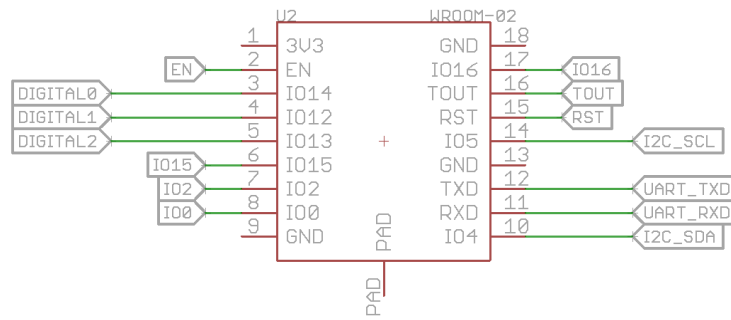
TOUT pin is analog input pin. The input voltage is limited to 1V max.

User button schematic



Rst button is used for resetting the module.
Fun button is used for controlling the boot mode.

IO definitions



There are five digital ports on WioLink. You can see the pin map in the schematic.